

# Homework 3.4: Quiz Review

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Math 3

Write each equation in logarithmic form.

1.  $64 = 8^2$

$$\log_8 64 = 2$$

2.  $8 = 2^3$

$$\log_2 8 = 3$$

3.  $125 = 5^3$

$$\log_5 125 = 3$$

4.  $729 = 3^6$

$$\log_3 729 = 6$$

Evaluate each logarithm.

5.  $\log_3 243$

$$5$$

6.  $\log_5 625$

$$4$$

7.  $\log_8 729$

$$3$$

8.  $\log_4 256$

$$4$$

9. Reasoning Find the value of  $\log_8 64$  without using a calculator. Justify your answer.

$$\log_8 64 = 2$$

8, raised to what number, is 64?

Write each expression as a single logarithm.

10.  $\log_5 3 + \log_5 6$

$$\log_5 (3)(6)$$

$$\log_5 (18)$$

11.  $\log_2 32 - \log_2 8$

$$\log_2 \left( \frac{32}{8} \right)$$

$$\log_2 (4)$$

12.  $\frac{1}{2} \log_4 25 + \log_4 2$

$$\log_4 (25^{1/2}) (2)$$

$$\log_4 (\sqrt{25}) (2)$$

$$\log_4 (10)$$

Expand each logarithm.

13.  $\log_4 \frac{m}{n}$

$$\log_4 m - \log_4 n$$

14.  $\log_5 (x \cdot \sqrt[3]{y})$

$$\log_5 x + \frac{\log_5 y}{3}$$

15.  $\log_3 \frac{x^4}{y^2}$

$$4 \log_3 x - 2 \log_3 y$$

Solve each equation.

16.  $\sqrt[3]{y^2} = 4$

$$y^2 = 4^3$$

$$y^2 = 64$$

$$y = \pm 8$$

17.  $2 - 4^x = -62$

$$-4^x = -64$$

$$4^x = 64$$

$$\log_4 64 = x$$

$$x = 3$$

18.  $\log x + \log 2 = 5$

$$\log (2x) = 5$$

$$10^5 = 2x$$

$$100000 = 2x$$

$$x = 50000$$

19.  $\log_3 (x+1) = 4$

$$3^4 = x+1$$

$$81 = x+1$$

$$x = 80$$

20.  $\log 4x = -1$

$10^{-1} = 4x$

$0.1 = 4x$

$x = 0.025$

21.  $\log 4 - \log x = -2$

$\log \frac{4}{x} = -2$

$10^{-2} = \frac{4}{x}$

$0.01x = 4$

$x = 400$

22.  $4 + 5^x = 29$

$5^x = 25$

$\log_5 25 = x$

$x = 2$

23.  $\log(2x) = \log(10)$

$2x = 10$

$x = 5$

24.  $4^x = 16$

$\log_4 16 = x$

$x = 2$

25.  $9^{y-3} = 8$

$\log_9(8) = y-3$

$0.95 = y-3$

$y = 3.95$

26.  $\log \frac{1}{3} x = 2$

$10^2 = \frac{1}{3} x$

$100 = \frac{1}{3} x$

$x = 300$

27.  $2 = \log_4(x+1) = 2$

$4^2 = x+1$

$16 = x+1$

$x = 15$

28. You can use the equation  $N = k \log A$  to estimate the number of species  $N$  that live in a region of area  $A$ . The parameter  $k$  is determined by the conditions in the region. In a rain forest, 2700 species live in 500 km<sup>2</sup>. How many species would remain if half of the forest area were destroyed by logging and farming?

$N = \#$  of species

$A =$  area

$\frac{2700}{\log 500} = \frac{k \log(500)}{\log 500}$   
 $k = 1000.38$

$N = 1000.38 \log(250)$

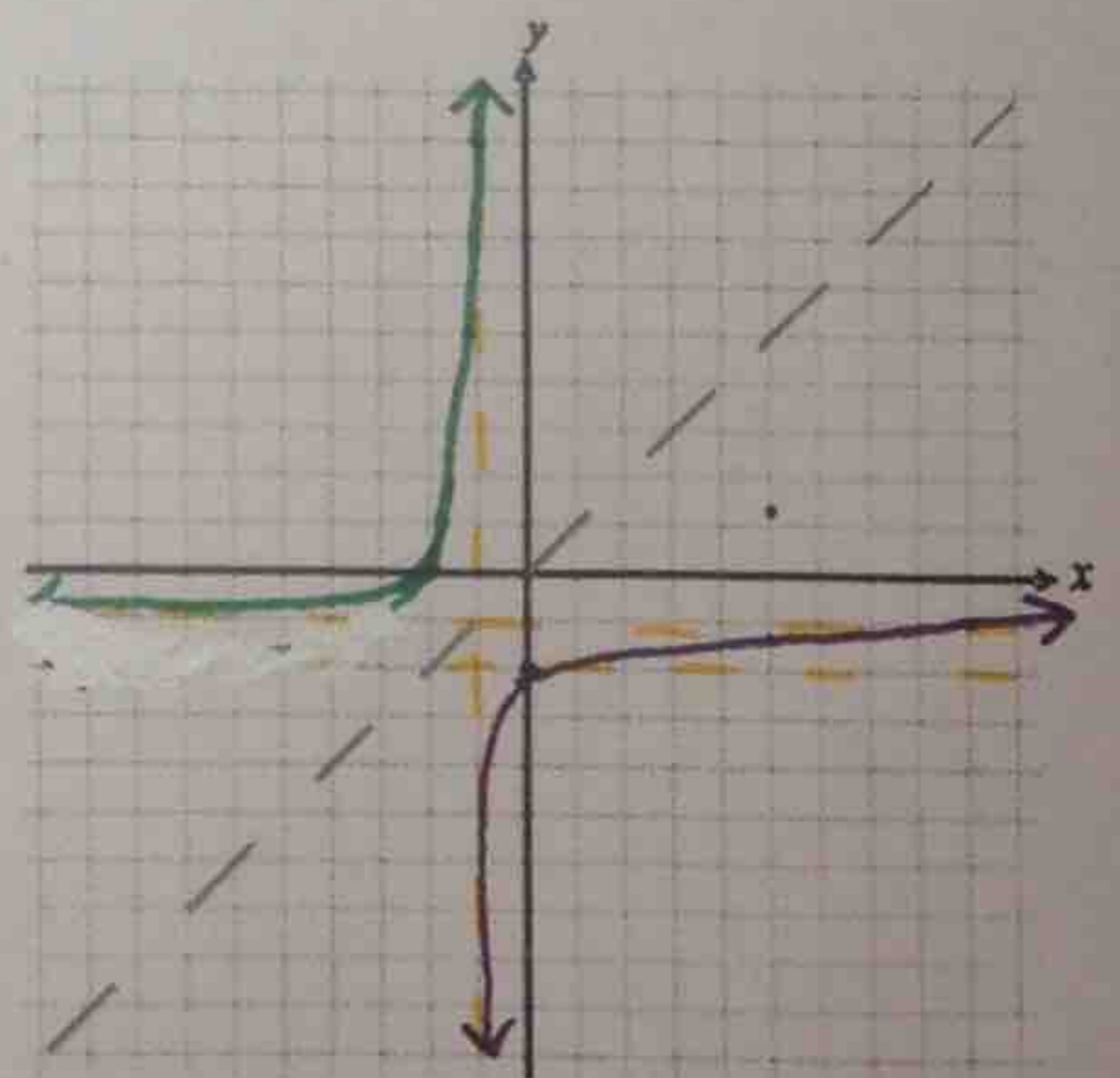
$N = 2399$  species

29.  $f^{-1}(x) = \log(x+1) - 2$       $f^{-1}(x) = 10^{x+2} - 1$

x	f(x)
0	-2
5	-1.2
9	-1

x	f <sup>-1</sup> (x)
-2	0
-1.2	5
-1	9

$\log(y+1) - 2 = x$   
 $\log(y+1) = x+2$   
 $10^{x+2} = y+1$   
 $10^{x+2} - 1 = y$



Transformations:

L1, D2  
 L2, D1

Asymptote:

$x = -1$   
 $y = -1$

Domain:

$(-1, \infty)$   
 $(-\infty, \infty)$

Range:

$(-\infty, \infty)$   
 $(-1, \infty)$